

News



Serbia: Police arrest assistant of former minister Dulic

Nebojsa Janjic and Oliver Dulic are arrested on suspicion that they committed abuse of office. Serbian Anticorruption Portal, 2 October 2013



Romania: Prosecutors say Romanian deputy PM abused power in 2012 vote

Prime Minister Victor Ponta backed up and accused the prosecutors of taking their orders from Basescu. Reuters, 7 October 2013



Bulgaria: Transport minister moots reshuffles to stop driving license corruption

The ministry was keen to stop corruption where it is most widespread – in issuing driving licences, permits and road inspections. The Sofia Globe, 7 October 2013



Romania: Romanian President slams France for unsubstantiated opposition to Schengen accession

Traian Basescu asked France to substantiate its accusations against Romania and Bulgaria's accession to the Schengen area. Independent Balkan News Agency, 5 October 2013



Balkan: Region considers joint police force to combat organised crime

A proposed Balkan police force would focus on organised crime networks who are trying to outmanoeuvre national police forces. SETimes, 4 October 2013

Upcoming Events



Global Anti-Bribery In-House Network (GAIN) conference, 28-29 October 2013, Dubai, UAE

Reports and Analyses

Political economy of corruption: Research and policy

There is a basic tension between corruption as a field of study and economic analysis. In recent decades the economics of corruption has generated a wide range of productive research both theoretical and empirical. This article explains the issue of corruption from the political economy perspective.

Susan Rose-Ackerman, , Conferencia magistral preparada para la Primera Conferencia Internacional sobre Corrupcion y Transparencia, 23025 March, 2006; Cuidad, Mexico

The Political Economy of Corruption and the Role of Financial Institutions

In many developing countries, we observe rather high levels of corruption. This is surprising from a political economy perspective, as majority of people generally suffers from high corruption levels. We explain why citizens do not exert enough political pressure to reduce corruption if financial institutions are missing.

Kira Boerner, Christa Hainz, Discussion Paper no. 135, June 2006, Governance and Efficiency of Economic Systems

Contacts

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SELDI Secretariat
Center for the Study of Democracy
5 Alexander Zhendov str.
1113 Sofia, Bulgaria
Tel: (+359 2) 971 3000
Fax: (+359 2) 971 2233
Email: seldi@online.bg



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